

the activity of such conspirators surrenders its integrity or modifies its policy."

THE MONROE DOCTRINE

"The Monroe Doctrine is reasserted as a principle of Democratic faith. That doctrine guarantees the independent republics of the two Americas against aggression from another continent. It implies, as well, the more scrupulous regard upon our part for the sovereignty of each of them. We court their good will. We seek not to despoil them."

"The want of a stable, responsible government in Mexico, capable of repressing and punishing marauders and bandit bands, who have not only taken the lives and seized and destroyed the property of American citizens in that country, but have insolently invaded our soil, made war upon and murdered our people thereon, has rendered it necessary temporarily to occupy, by our armed forces, a portion of the territory of that friendly state."

"Until, by the restoration of law and order therein, a repetition of such incursions is improbable, they must remain. Intervention, implying as it does military subjugation, is revolting to the people of the United States, notwithstanding the provocation to that course has been great, and should be resorted to, if at all, only as a last resort. The stubborn resistance of the President and his advisers to every demand and suggestion to enter upon it is creditable alike to them and to the people in whose name he speaks."

PROTECTION OF CITIZENS.

"We again declare the policy that the sacred rights of American citizenship must be preserved at home and abroad, and that no treaty with any other Government shall receive the sanction of our Government which does not expressly recognize the absolute equality of all our citizens, irrespective of race, creed or previous nationality, and which does not recognize the right of expatriation."

"The American Government should protect American citizens in their rights not only at home but abroad, and any country having a government should be held to strict accountability for any wrongs done them, either to persons or property."

There was a slim attendance in the Coliseum when the convention was called to order by Chairman James at 11:30 o'clock today. The session was an anti-climax made necessary by discord in the Platform Committee over various planks.

After the prayer, delivered by Rabbi Harrison of St. Louis with such oratorical effect as to win loud applause, Chairman James asked if the Platform Committee was ready to report, and there was no reply. In all the gathering there could be seen at that time only five members of the Committee on Resolutions, and the absence of the others could not be blamed, for they had been unable to think about sleep until 1 o'clock this morning, after an all-night session.

SENATOR REED ORATES WHILE WAITING FOR PLATFORM.

The Democracy could remain passive while there is an orator in sight willing to orate, and somebody spotted Senator Reed of Missouri and asked that the gifted Senator make a few remarks, which he did.

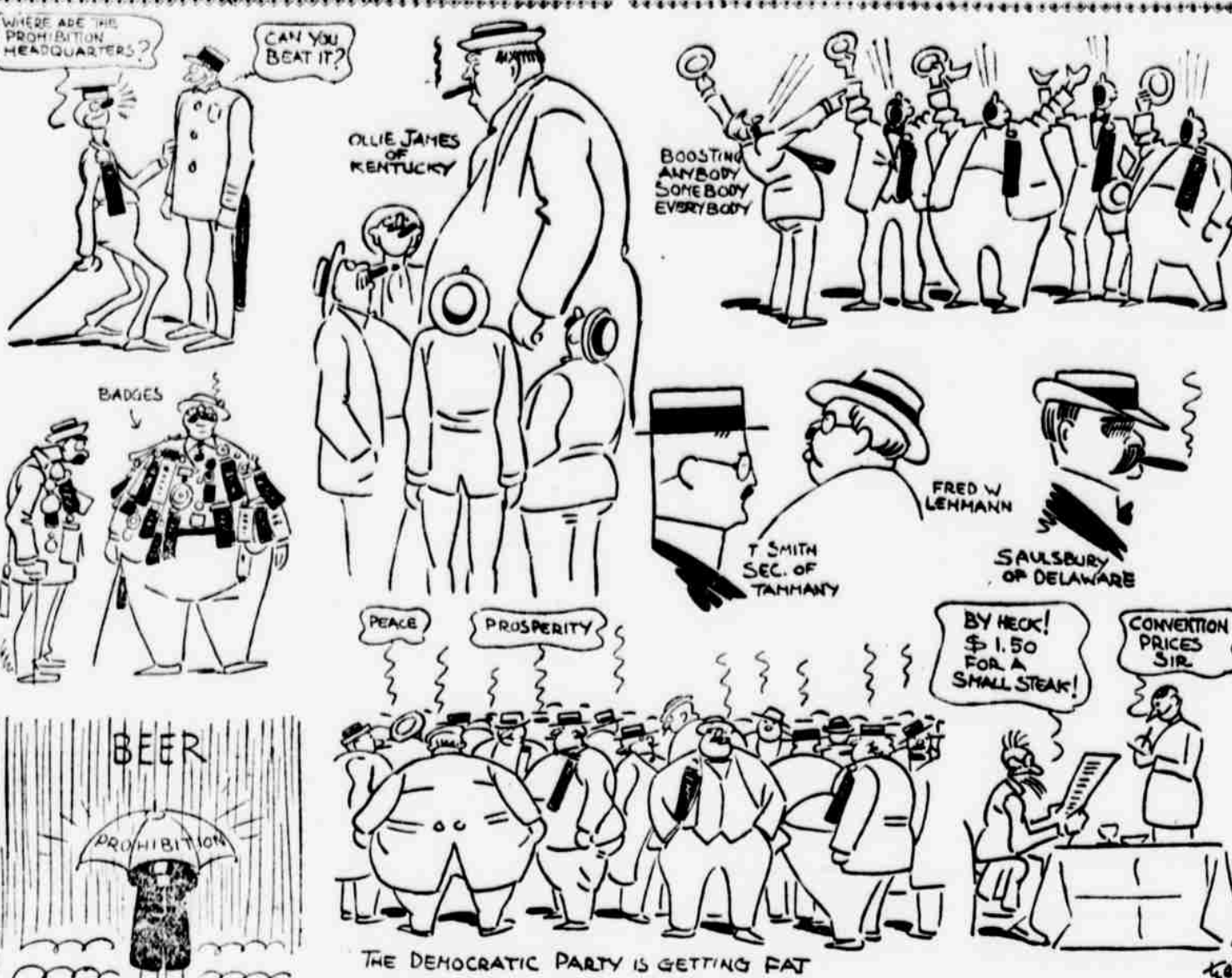
Senator Reed read a statement which he attributed to Mr. Hughes in 1912, which declared against a Supreme Court Justice entering politics. "Against Candidate Hughes in 1916," he declared as he read the statement. Senator Walsh of Montana then began reading the platform. The first applause given the document was for the endorsement of the Administration. The delegates gave close attention.

Indorsement of the Underwood Tariff Act was given general applause. The delegates seemed to weary to interrupt with lengthy applause.

The plank on Americanism drawn by President Wilson himself was next read. It was interrupted by hand-clapping. Its denunciation of conspirators for the advancement of foreign influence in this country was loudly applauded.

The plank was intently followed. Its criticism of disloyalty by some

MORE OF THE FUNNY SIDE AT ST. LOUIS BY KETTEN



related to the suffrage plank and read: "The Democratic Party has always stood for the sovereignty of the several States in the control and regulation of elections. We reaffirm the historic position of our party and favor that wise provision of the Constitution, the power to prescribe the qualifications of their electors."

The resolution was signed by four members of the committee, including James H. Nugent of New Jersey. This amendment, it was explained by its sponsors, simply made more emphatic the existing rule of suffrage by members in Southern States, objected to because such provisions would eliminate the franchise granted negroes.

HUGHES LEAVES AFTER CHIEFTAINS PLEDGE SUPPORT

(Continued from First Page.)

of the practical kind. He reported Progressives coming back in droves and said to the reporters: "All wise and patriotic Progressives will support the Republican ticket."

"Do you include Col. Roosevelt?" "Most certainly," replied Mr. Stimson.

Alexander H. Revell of Chicago, who was the original Roosevelt man in 1912 and organized the meeting of the "Seven Little Governors" who proclaimed the Colonel's candidacy that year, called on Mr. Hughes. "We are all for Hughes with the greatest of enthusiasm," he said.

State Senator Irvin E. Rockwell of Idaho presented to Mr. Hughes an autograph letter from Senator Borah of that State and conveyed assurances of enthusiastic support from Far Northwestern Republicans and Progressives.

"I come simply to get a first hand message to take back to our people," he said. "I can say for Senator Borah that he is unreservedly in favor of Mr. Hughes. Nearly all the Progressives of Idaho and Oregon either have declared themselves already or soon will be found supporting the Republican candidate."

Next came the Old Guard class. Thomas G. Vennart, Republican delegate from Uncle Joe Cannon's district in Illinois, paid his respects. Congressman E. J. King, from Galveston, Ill., did likewise. Clarence Thompson of St. Paul, who was a figure among the "straight goods" Republicans in Taft days, offered his congratulations and assurances of support.

Advance scouts of the New York regulars dropped in during the day. They reported that William Barnes had arrived in town, and there was interest to see whether the decorated boss, who had been the implacable foe of Hughes while Governor, would now make overtures for a reunion.

Mr. Hughes had nothing to say for publication today about campaign plans or on political issues.

FOOD RIOT IN ROTTERDAM.

Police Charge Crowds Protest Against High Prices.

AMSTERDAM (Via London), June 15.—Disturbances at Rotterdam due to demonstrators against the high price of food were reported last night, especially in the neighborhood of the town hall. There was some stone throwing and the police charged the streets by charging the crowds.

French Three-Week Ann. Fixed 18.50 Times.

PARIS, June 16.—The number of shots that can be fired from one of the French three-week guns before it is worn out has, in at least one instance, been found to be as high as 18,500, according to the actual count kept by a young artilleryman who has sent these figures in from the front.

PLATFORM FAVORS A COMMISSION TO DEAL WITH TARIFF

Adequate Army and Navy and Trained Reserve for Defense, Is Demanded.

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—The platform adopted by the Democratic National Convention today, aside from the planks relating to Americanism and Mexico, is summarized as follows:

Indorses the Administration of Woodrow Wilson, and challenges comparison of party's record, keeping of pledges, and constructive legislation, with those of any party of any time.

Declares our archaic banking and currency system, prolific of panic and disaster under Republican Administrations—long the refuge of the Money Trust—has been supplanted by the Federal Reserve Act, a true democracy of credit under Government control, already proved a financial bulwark in a world crisis.

Asserts that it has created a Federal Trade Commission to accommodate the perplexing questions arising under the anti-trust laws so that monopoly may be strangled at its birth and legitimate industry encouraged. Fair competition in business is now assured.

Effectuated an adjustment of the tariff, adequate for revenue under peace conditions, and fair to the consumer and to the producer; adjusted burdens of taxation so that swollen industries bear their equitable share.

Lifted human labor from the category of commodities and secured to the workman the right of voluntary association for his protection and welfare.

Advanced the parcel post to genuine efficiency, enlarged the postal savings system, added ten thousand rural delivery routes and extensions, and for the first time in our history placed the Post-Office system on a self-supporting basis.

We must now remove, so far as possible, every remaining element of unrest and uncertainty from the path of the business men of America and secure for them a continued period of quiet, assured and confident prosperity. The tariff plank follows:

"We reaffirm our belief in the doctrine of a tariff for the purpose of providing sufficient revenue for the operation of the Government, economically administered, and unreservedly indorse the Underwood Tariff law as truly exemplifying that doctrine. We recognize that tariff rates are necessarily subject to change to meet changing conditions in the world's production and trade. The events of the last two years have brought about many momentous changes. In some respects their effects are yet conjectural and wait to be disclosed, particularly in regard to our foreign trade. Two years of a war which has directly involved most of the chief industrial nations of the world, and which has indirectly affected the life and industry of all nations, are bringing about economic changes more varied and far-reaching than the world has before experienced. In order to ascertain just what those changes may be, the Democratic

Congress is providing for a non-partisan Tariff Commission to make impartial and thorough study of every economic fact that may throw light either upon our past or upon our future fiscal policy with regard to the imposition of taxes on imports or with regard to the changing and changed conditions under which our trade is carried on. We cordially indorse this timely proposal and declare ourselves in sympathy with the principle and purpose of shaping future legislation within that field in accordance with the demands of selfish interests or upon information provided largely, if not exclusively, by them."

The platform says immediate provision should be made for the development of the carrying trade of the United States, indorses the purposes and policy of the pending Shipping bill and favors all such additional measures as may be necessary to restore our flag to the seas.

Concerning preparedness the platform favors the maintenance of an army fully adequate to the requirements of order, of safety, and of the protection of the nation's rights, the fullest development of modern methods of sea coast defense and the maintenance of an adequate reserve of citizens trained to arms and prepared to safeguard the people and territory of the United States against any danger of hostile action which may unexpectedly arise; a fixed policy for the continuous development of a navy worthy to support the great naval traditions of the United States, and fully equal to the international tasks which the United States hopes and expects to take a part in performing.

The platform declares the Democratic Administration has throughout the present war scrupulously and successfully held to the old paths of American and the peaceful pursuit of the legitimate objects of our national life. It is declared to be the duty of the United States to join with the other nations in any feasible association that will effectively secure the complete security of the highway of the seas for the common and unhindered use of all nations.

The platform favors the establishment and maintenance of the closest relations of amity and mutual helpfulness between the United States and the other republics of the American continents for the support of peace and the promotion of a common prosperity and the holding of the Pan-American and other masterly conferences at Washington in May, 1915, and the meeting of representatives of the Latin-American republics at Buenos Ayres, April, 1916, is commended.

There is a plank favoring conservation and a very long one approving the rural credits bill which was lately passed by the United States House of Representatives.

A living wage for all employees; a working day not to exceed eight hours, with one day of rest in seven; the adoption of safety appliances; adequate compensation for industrial accidents; the standards of the California "Child Labor Law," where ever minors are employed; such provisions for decency, comfort and health in the employment of women as should be accorded to the mothers of the race; and a pension law for Government employees are demanded.

Other measures advocated are changes in health laws, tuberculosis sanitation, revision of the United States Senate rules, budget system under a single committee of the House of Representatives, prison reform, generous pensions for soldiers and their widows, development of waterways and control of floods, river and harbor improvements; territorial government for Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico.

TURKS DRIVE BRITISH ON.

Further Withdrawal on Tientsin Reported by Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 16 (via London).—A further withdrawal by the British below Kut-el-Amara, on the Tientsin, after the recent repulse by the Turks of an attempt to advance, is reported in a statement today by the Turkish War Office.

MARIAN LAMBERT'S COAT BIG FACTOR AT ORPET TRIAL

(Continued from First Page.)

dreaths grains of poison in Marian's stomach.

A solid, the witness said, could not have been deluged sufficiently to have left spots on Marian's coat or to have become incriminated in the lines of the hand.

The dramatic introduction of Marian's garments had its effect on Orpet. His face became gray. He was visibly disturbed. Oddly enough, each side claims to have been benefited by the clothing. The garments are cheap and plain. If Marian had intended to kill herself, the State lawyers contend, she would have dressed herself more elaborately. It was the fact that she intended to kill herself, the defense retorts, that made her indifferent to what kind of clothes she wore.

The "eighteen bunch," a club of girls who were Marian's chums, were practically all in the court room today, waiting for their chance to testify for the State that Josephine Davis, who said Marian was despondent a few days before her death, was mistaken.

The girls ended their tuition terms from the Deerfield township high school today, most of them by graduation. The exercises were held last night. Marian Lambert would have graduated with them if she had lived. Josephine Davis's chair on the platform was vacant too. She was testifying to save Orpet when the final examinations were held, and did not graduate.

JAMAICA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds, selling, with 1800 added, five furlongs.—Noneach, 110 (Hall), 7 to 10; 1 to 4 and out, first, 110 (Hall), 10 to 1; 2 to 4 and out, second, 110 (Hall), 10 to 1; 3 to 4 and out, third, 110 (Hall), 10 to 1.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, selling, purse \$500; six furlongs.—Ray Oakwood, 110 (Lyle), even; 1 to 4 and out, first, Ash Can, 100 (E. Campbell), 3 to 1; 7 to 10 and out, second, Woodford, 105 (Buxton), 12 to 1; 2 to 4 and out, third, Time-1.14 3-8. Gammon also ran.

CONNAUGHT RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Purse \$1000; for three-year-olds and up, selling, five furlongs.—Mona (G. 101) (Brown), straight \$15.50, place \$4.10, show \$4.40, won; Gortley, 115 (Warrington), place \$2.70, show \$2.60, second; Harry Bassett, 117 (Byrne), show \$1.50, third, Time—1:48. Kathleen (H. Haverton), Corn Brown and 105 (P. also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse \$200; maiden two-year-olds, five furlongs.—King Fisher, 114 (Byrne), straight \$2.40, place \$2.50, show \$2.40, won; Lynette, 111 (Hicks), place \$2.30, show \$2.30, second; Wall Street, 111 (Jones), show \$1.90, third, Time—1:53 1-4. Tyrone, Sleepy Sam, Old Man and Bright and Early also ran.

New York Leading Victrola Store

563 Fifth Avenue, 42nd Street, Cor. 46th Street, 27 West 44th Street, Cor. 5th & 6th Aves. Special! \$75 Victrola, with 85 in records of your selection. Total, \$90; delivered for \$5 Down, balance in small monthly or weekly payments.

LOST, FOUND AND REWARDS.

LOST—Sunday, June 11, between 10th and 12th Streets, a black and white dog, with short pants. Red C. 10. Reward \$5.00.

SUFFRAGE PLANK CAUSES BIG ROW; SOME OPPOSED IT

Gov. Ferguson of Texas and James R. Nugent of New Jersey Lead Fight.

OPPOSE ANY ACTION.

Plank Agreed Upon Favors Suffrage, but Opposes National Action.

(Special From a Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 16.—The pessimists who predicted that it is a matter of impossibility for a couple of thousand Democrats to mingle in a deliberate session without reaching a disagreement had their gloat this afternoon when, as the convention was drawing to a close, Gov. James E. Ferguson of Texas, a member of the Committee on Resolutions, got up and made a speech against woman suffrage, the way of it was this: Gov. Ferguson was a member of the Committee on Resolutions and as such opposed the plank advocating votes for women as the States decide to take up the question. The Governor, after the platform had been presented, offered a minority report on suffrage signed by him, James Nugent of New Jersey and two others, which would keep the convention from recognizing votes for women.

The Governor of Texas frankly stated to the convention that he is against woman suffrage and he frankly told the delegates that the suffrage plank was not honest, but was put in the platform by men who were "deluded by the swish of a skirt."

Gov. Ferguson mentioned that it is not the province of a national convention to advise any State what it ought to do on any subject. He took the stand on the platform of States rights.

"If the States want to act on woman suffrage," he said, "let them. But it is none of our business to tell them to act. We have put in this majority plank because the few hundred militant suffragettes in the United States have bluffed some of us, and also because the Republicans have given the same sort of recognition to woman suffrage that we purpose to give in the majority report—recognition for the purpose of trying to save a few Western suffrage States."

The text of the Suffrage plank reads as follows:

"We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the States upon the same terms as to men."

The suffrage leaders say they like the Republican platform more than they like the Democratic platform.

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Dr. Wiley Says:
Ninety per cent. of the children of this country started because of being fed with foods instead of using a proper nourishment.

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SUNBEAM
PEANUT BUTTER
and watch them grow.
One pound of "Sunbeam" Peanut Butter has three to seven times as much food value in it as has bread, eggs, potatoes or steak. Give your children Sunbeam Peanut Butter—eat it yourself—it's a healthy habit.
10c, 15c and 25c sizes.

Your grocer has it or will gladly get it for you. Order by mail from "SUNBEAM" insist on the genuine.

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Examinations by Registered Eye Physicians. No charge. Obligation. Perfect Fitting Glasses as Low as \$2.50.

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One Day EXCURSIONS.

LAKE HOPATCONG
SUNDAY—Also Every Sunday and Holiday
Lv. W. 23d St. 8:30; Lv. Liberty St. 9:00; Lv. Jersey City 9:15; Arr. Hopatcong 9:30; Arr. Broad St. Newark 10:30 a.m.

MAUCH CHUNK
NEXT SUNDAY
Lv. W. 23d St. 8:30; Liberty St. 9:00; Jersey City 9:15; Arr. Mauch Chunk 9:30 a.m. Arr. Broad St. Newark 10:30 a.m.

HARD COAL NO SMOKE COMFORT

No Extra Charge for 25¢

Advertisements for The World may be left at the American District Manager office in the city until 9 a. m.

CANDY
PENNY A POUND PROFIT

We Announce the Opening of Our Newest Store, Saturday, June 17th, at 11 East 42d St., Between 5th and Madison Aves. In the Heart of Manhattan's Busiest Commercial and Theatrical District.

THIS is one of the Most Beautifully appointed Confectioneries in the East, and will enjoy a Modern Soda Fountain Equipment second to none, and a Model Tea Room, where the most tempting and appetizing luncheon will be served. The Commercial Man—The Tourist—The Commuter—The Man about town—Ladies on their Shopping expeditions, Theatre-goers and Sight Seers to the Big City will appreciate the conveniences afforded by our splendid new establishment, CONVENIENT TO EVERYBODY.

WHEN THE TIME COMES for you to close your rollop desk, say goodbye to the office folk and you are minute possible. Are we right? You haven't the time to go through the show cases and make up an assortment of Vacation Candies. You don't have to. We have them all ready put up and waiting—6 different combinations of choice sweets, each neatly packed in strong container, wrapped in plain paper, with a handle attached for carrying.

Week End Combination No. 4 contains the following:

1/2 lb. Box Chocolate Italian Creams, 1/2 lb. Box American Creams, 1/2 lb. Box Swiss Creams, 1/2 lb. Box Milk Chocolate Meringue Creams, 1/2 lb. Box Malted Sticks and 1 Package Old Swedish Cream. PRICE COMPLETE 99c

Special for Friday, June 16

CHOCOLATE COVERED NUT CARAMELS—A sweet treat for every body. These are big, toothsome squares of purest Cream, generously studded with all sorts of nuts and covered with our finest Chocolate. PRICE 13c

Extra Specials for Friday and Saturday, June 16th and 17th

CHOCOLATE COVERED PEANUT BUTTERS—A delicious combination of rich, creamy, perfectly roasted Southern Peanuts and our finest Chocolate. PRICE 21c

MILK CHOCOLATE FRESH PINEAPPLE—Luscious, golden ripe Hawaiian Pineapple in their most delicious condition, as the fruit is first cut into delicate sections, submerged in rich cream and then dipped into our delicious Premium Milk Chocolate. PRICE 34c

WE ALSO OFFER:

MILK CHOCOLATE ASSORTED FRESH FRUITS—Collection comprises luscious strawberries, blackberries, blueberries, bananas, Hawaiian Pineapple and is enclosed in coverings of our incomparable Rich Premium Milk Chocolate, and formed into mouthfuls of extreme deliciousness. PRICE 39c

54 BARCLAY STREET

Close 7 p.m. Sat. 10 p.m. 30 COURT ST. Close 7 p.m. Sat. 10 p.m. 11 p.m. 12 p.m. 13 p.m. 14 p.m. 15 p.m. 16 p.m. 17 p.m. 18 p.m. 19 p.m. 20 p.m. 21 p.m. 22 p.m. 23 p.m. 24 p.m. 25 p.m. 26 p.m. 27 p.m. 28 p.m. 29 p.m. 30 p.m. 31 p.m. 32 p.m. 33 p.m. 34 p.m. 35 p.m. 36 p.m. 37 p.m. 38 p.m. 39 p.m. 40 p.m. 41 p.m. 42 p.m. 43 p.m. 44 p.m. 45 p.m. 46 p.m. 47 p.m. 48 p.m. 49 p.m. 50 p.m. 51 p.m. 52 p.m. 53 p.m. 54 p.m. 55 p.m. 56 p.m. 57 p.m. 58 p.m. 59 p.m. 60 p.m. 61 p.m. 62 p.m. 63 p.m. 64 p.m. 65 p.m. 66 p.m. 67 p.m. 68 p.m. 69 p.m. 70 p.m. 71 p.m. 72 p.m. 73 p.m. 74 p.m. 75 p.m. 76 p.m. 77 p.m. 78 p.m. 79 p.m. 80 p.m. 81 p.m. 82 p.m. 83 p.m. 84 p.m. 85 p.m. 86 p.m. 87 p.m. 88 p.m. 89 p.m. 90 p.m. 91 p.m. 92 p.m. 93 p.m. 94 p.m. 95 p.m. 96 p.m. 97 p.m. 98 p.m. 99 p.m. 100 p.m. 101 p.m. 102 p.m. 103 p.m. 104 p.m. 105 p.m. 106 p.m. 107 p.m. 108 p.m. 109 p.m. 110 p.m. 111 p.m. 112 p.m. 113 p.m. 114 p.m. 115 p.m. 116 p.m. 117 p.m. 118 p.m. 119 p.m. 120 p.m. 121 p.m. 122 p.m. 123 p.m. 124 p.m. 125 p.m. 126 p.m. 127 p.m. 128 p.m. 129 p.m. 130 p.m. 131 p.m. 132 p.m. 133 p.m. 134 p.m. 135 p.m. 136 p.m. 137 p.m. 138 p.m. 139 p.m. 140 p.m. 141 p.m. 142 p.m. 143 p.m. 144 p.m. 145 p.m. 146 p.m. 147 p.m. 148 p.m. 149 p.m. 150 p.m. 151 p.m. 152 p.m. 153 p.m. 154 p.m. 155 p.m. 156 p.m. 157 p.m. 158 p.m. 159 p.m. 160 p.m. 161 p.m. 162 p.m. 163 p.m. 164 p.m. 165 p.m. 166 p.m. 167 p.m. 168 p.m. 169 p.m. 170 p.m. 171 p.m. 172 p.m. 173 p.m. 174 p.m. 175 p.m. 176 p.m. 177 p.m. 178 p.m. 179 p.m. 180 p.m. 181 p.m. 182 p.m. 183 p.m. 184 p.m. 185 p.m. 186 p.m. 187 p.m. 188 p.m. 189 p.m. 190 p.m. 191 p.m. 192 p.m. 193 p.m. 194 p.m. 195 p.m. 196 p.m. 197 p.m. 198 p.m. 199 p.m. 200 p.m. 201 p.m. 202 p.m. 203 p.m. 204 p.m. 205 p.m. 206 p.m. 207 p.m. 208 p.m. 209 p.m. 210 p.m. 211 p.m. 212 p.m. 213 p.m. 214 p.m. 215 p.m. 216 p.m. 217 p.m. 218 p.m. 219 p.m. 220 p.m. 221 p.m. 222 p.m. 223 p.m. 224 p.m. 225 p.m. 226 p.m. 227 p.m. 228 p.m. 229 p.m. 230 p.m. 231 p.m. 232 p.m. 233 p.m. 234 p.m. 235 p.m. 236 p.m. 237 p.m. 238 p.m. 239 p.m. 240 p.m. 241 p.m. 242 p.m. 243 p.m. 244 p.m. 245 p.m. 246 p.m. 247 p.m. 248 p.m. 249 p.m. 250 p.m. 251 p.m. 252 p.m. 253 p.m. 254 p.m. 255 p.m. 256 p.m. 257 p.m. 258 p.m. 259 p.m. 260 p.m. 261 p.m. 262 p.m. 263 p.m. 264 p.m. 265 p.m. 266 p.m. 267 p.m. 268 p.m. 269 p.m. 270 p.m. 271 p.m. 272 p.m. 273 p.m. 274 p.m. 275 p.m. 276 p.m. 277 p.m. 278 p.m. 279 p.m. 280 p.m. 281 p.m. 282 p.m. 283 p.m. 284 p.m. 285 p.m. 286 p.m. 287 p.m. 288 p.m.